2 m.

HE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: D.N. Rudo Attorney Docket No.: RUDO121677

Application No.: 10/656,088 Art Unit: 1714 / Confirmation No: 9931

Filed: September 5, 2003 Examiner: T.H. Yoon

Title: TRIAXIAL WEAVE FOR REINFORCING DENTAL RESINS

DECLARATION OF DAVID RUDO UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Seattle, Washington 98101

October 4, 2005

TO THE COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:

David Rudo declares that:

1. I, David Rudo, am the inventor named in the above-referenced patent application

and in U.S. Patent No. 5,176,951 (hereinafter "the '951 patent").

2. It is my understanding that the Examiner believes that the cross-section shown in

the Figure of the '951 patent looks like a triaxial configuration. The Figure in the '951 patent

does not disclose a triaxial configuration. A material having triaxial configuration is not used in

the practice of the invention disclosed in the '951 patent.

3. It is my understanding that the Examiner believes it would have been obvious to

one of ordinary skill in the art to utilize the triaxial braided or woven fiber configuration taught

by Silvestrini et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,610,688) or Kapadia et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,816,028) in

the invention of Rudo (the '951 patent) to yield the invention claimed in the present patent

application.

4. The Leno weave material disclosed by Rudo in the '951 patent is a loosely woven

material that is adapted to conform to the contours of a dental structure. Thus, the Leno weave

material disclosed by Rudo in the '951 patent is especially useful in dental repairs and

reconstructions which require a material that conforms closely to the dental structure(s) being

LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESS**LLC 1420 Fifth Avenue Suite 2800 Seattle, Washington 98101 206.682.8100

-1-

repaired or reconstructed. For example, the Leno weave material disclosed by Rudo in the

'951 patent is useful for periodontal splinting of mobile teeth (e.g., teeth that are loosely attached

to the surrounding jaw bone due to periodontal disease) because the Leno weave material can be

closely conformed to the teeth to hold them together.

5. In contrast, the triaxial materials used in the practice of the present invention are

substantially more rigid than the Leno weave material disclosed in the '951 patent. Thus, the

aforementioned triaxial materials are well adapted for use in dental repairs and reconstructions

which require a material that provides structural strength and rigidity. For example, the

aforementioned triaxial materials are well adapted for use in making dental bridges.

6. The aforementioned triaxial materials are not well adapted for dental repairs and

reconstructions which require a material that can be manipulated to conform closely to the dental

structure(s) being repaired or reconstructed. The aforementioned triaxial materials are too rigid

to be suitable for these types of dental applications.

For the foregoing reasons, the aforementioned triaxial materials are not well 7.

adapted to be used in the types of dental applications for which the Leno weave material is well

adapted.

8. I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true

and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that

these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so

made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the

United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the

above-referenced application or any patent issuing thereon.

David N. Rudo

BFM:tmm

LAW OFFICES OF CHRISTENSEN O'CONNOR JOHNSON KINDNESSPLLE 1420 Fifth Avenue **Suite 2800**

Seattle, Washington 98101 206.682.8100